

Nursing applicants by age at the 30 June deadline

IB.9.1 Nursing applicants by UK country of domicile and age group, 2019

All age groups

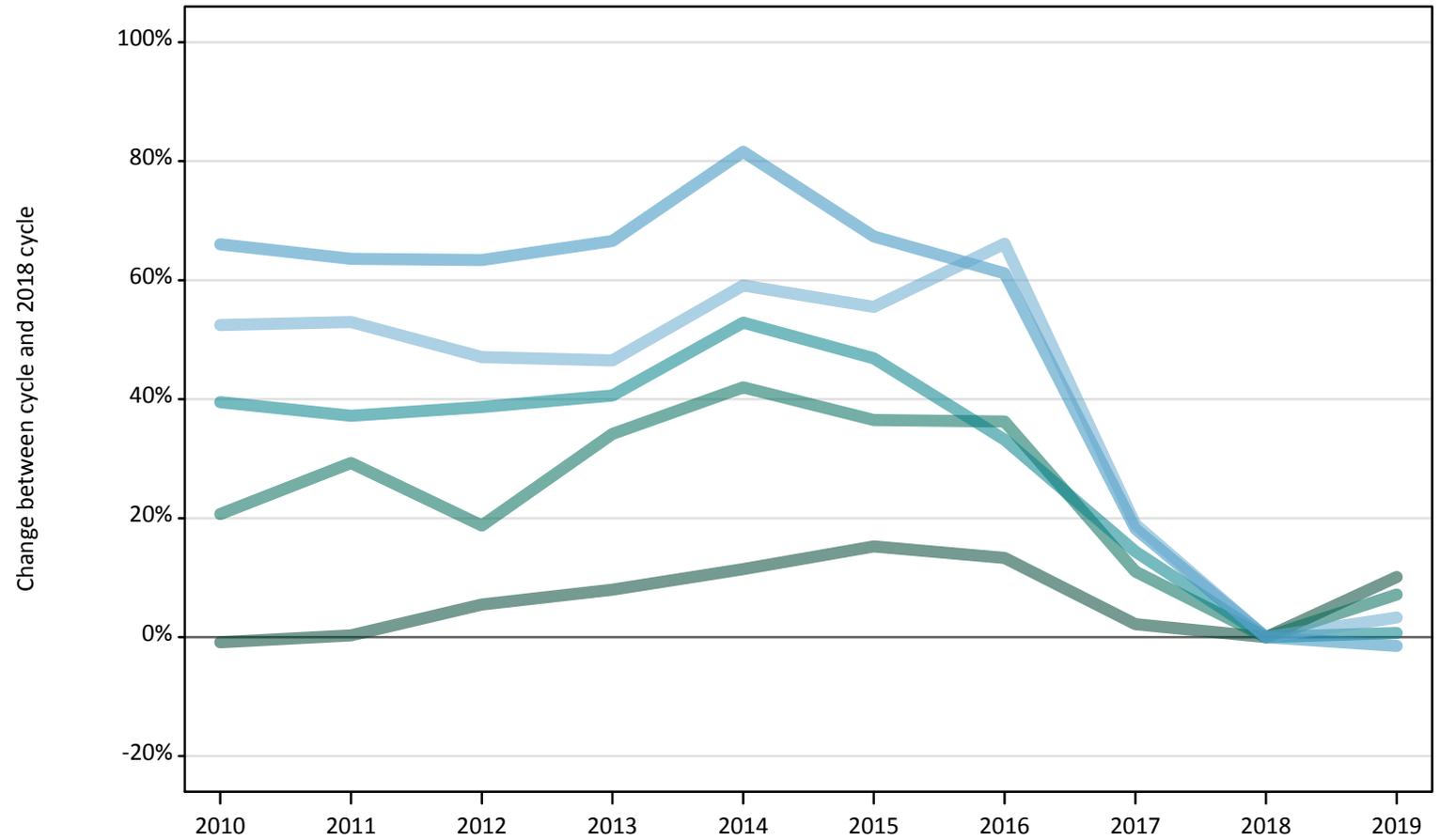
Country of Domicile	Age group				
	Under 18	18	19	20-24	25-29
England	10	9,200	4,390	8,120	4,770
Northern Ireland	0	960	420	570	250
Scotland	60	1,300	580	1,340	970
Wales	0	630	420	750	520

IB.9.2 Proportions of 18 year old nursing applicants by UK country of domicile

Domicile and age group		2019
England	18	1.5%
Northern Ireland	18	4.3%
Scotland	18	2.4%
Wales	18	1.9%

IB.9.3 Nursing applicants by domicile and age: England
Selected age groups: Difference between cycle and 2018 cycle

- 18
- 19
- 20
- 21-24
- 25 and over



Note: The percentage change is not plotted in the above chart for groups with fewer than 500 applicants in any one cycle.

IB.9.4 Nursing applicants by domicile and age: England

All age groups

Domicile and age group		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
England	Under 18	290	130	20	20	20	20	10	20	20	10
	18	8,280	8,380	8,810	9,020	9,310	9,630	9,470	8,540	8,350	9,200
	19	4,950	5,300	4,870	5,500	5,820	5,590	5,580	4,550	4,100	4,390
	20	3,410	3,350	3,390	3,440	3,740	3,590	3,260	2,800	2,440	2,460
	21-24	9,540	9,400	9,390	9,570	10,430	9,620	9,260	6,790	5,750	5,660
	25 and over	22,260	22,340	21,470	21,390	23,240	22,710	24,260	17,370	14,600	15,080
	All ages	48,720	48,890	47,950	48,940	52,550	51,160	51,840	40,060	35,260	36,810

IB.9.5 Nursing applicants by domicile and age: England

All age groups: Difference between cycle and 2018 cycle

Domicile and age group		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
England	Under 18	1600%	641%	12%	18%	6%	12%	-18%	-12%	0%	-35%
	18	-1%	0%	5%	8%	11%	15%	13%	2%	0%	10%
	19	21%	29%	19%	34%	42%	36%	36%	11%	0%	7%
	20	39%	37%	39%	41%	53%	47%	33%	14%	0%	1%
	21-24	66%	64%	63%	67%	82%	67%	61%	18%	0%	-1%
	25 and over	52%	53%	47%	46%	59%	56%	66%	19%	0%	3%
	All ages	38%	39%	36%	39%	49%	45%	47%	14%	0%	4%

Note: The percentage change is not recorded in the above table for groups with fewer than 10 applicants in that cycle or in the 2018 cycle.

IB.9.6 Nursing applicants by domicile and age: Northern Ireland
Selected age groups: Difference between cycle and 2018 cycle

- 18
- 19
- 20
- 21-24
- 25 and over



Note: The percentage change is not plotted in the above chart for groups with fewer than 500 applicants in any one cycle.

IB.9.7 Nursing applicants by domicile and age: Northern Ireland

All age groups

Domicile and age group		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Northern Ireland	Under 18	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18	790	890	930	990	890	900	890	890	900	960
	19	210	280	310	440	400	370	410	390	350	420
	20	110	140	160	240	240	230	210	210	200	200
	21-24	260	330	300	560	530	500	500	450	370	370
	25 and over	300	330	300	720	710	710	740	640	570	650
	All ages	1,680	1,970	2,010	2,950	2,770	2,710	2,750	2,590	2,400	2,610

IB.9.8 Nursing applicants by domicile and age: Northern Ireland

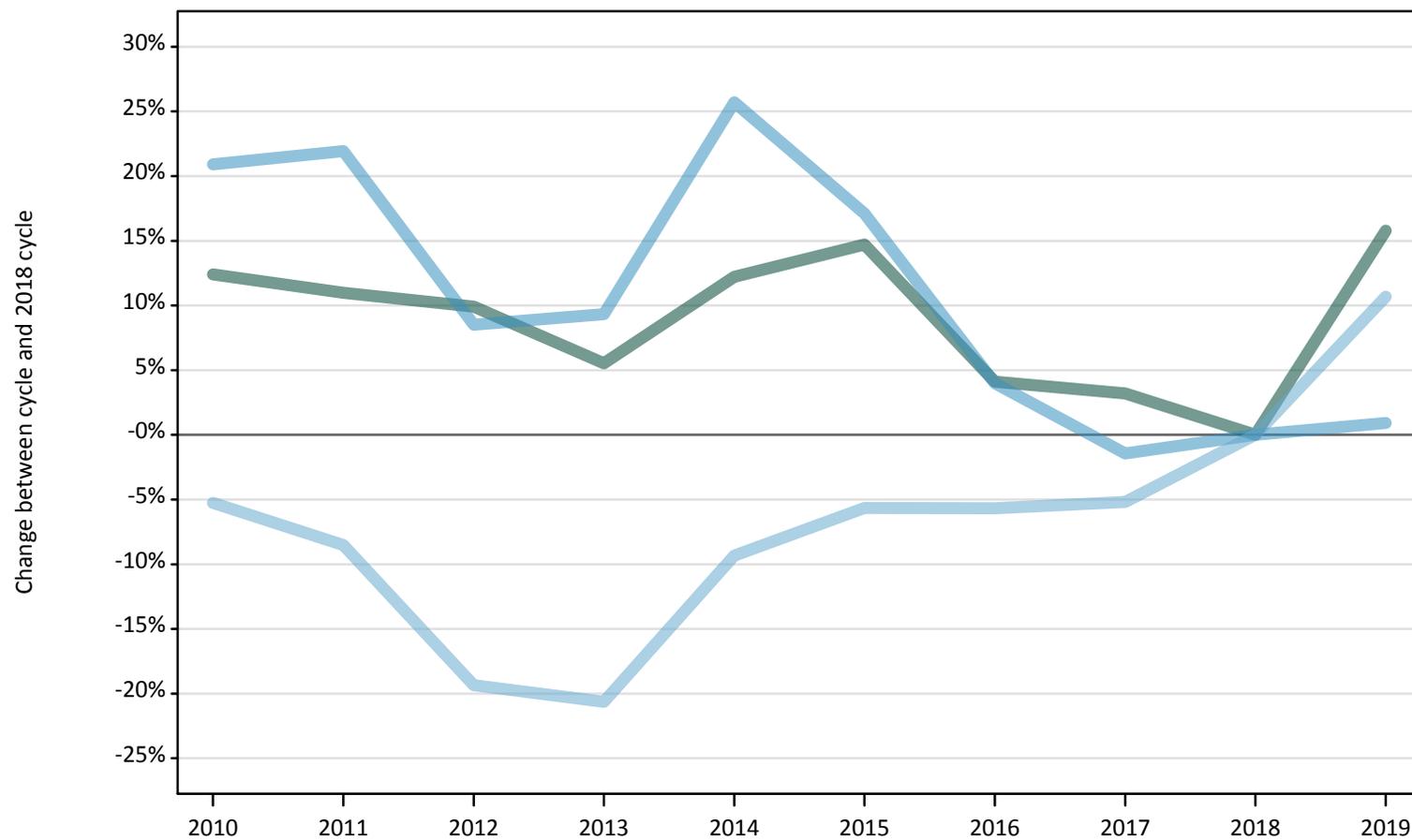
All age groups: Difference between cycle and 2018 cycle

Domicile and age group		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Northern Ireland	Under 18										
	18	-11%	-0%	4%	11%	-1%	1%	-1%	-0%	0%	8%
	19	-40%	-21%	-14%	23%	13%	3%	17%	11%	0%	18%
	20	-45%	-32%	-21%	19%	16%	13%	1%	2%	0%	0%
	21-24	-32%	-12%	-20%	51%	42%	35%	34%	22%	0%	-1%
	25 and over	-47%	-42%	-47%	25%	25%	24%	30%	12%	0%	14%
	All ages	-30%	-18%	-16%	23%	15%	13%	15%	8%	0%	9%

Note: The percentage change is not recorded in the above table for groups with fewer than 10 applicants in that cycle or in the 2018 cycle.

IB.9.9 Nursing applicants by domicile and age: Scotland
Selected age groups: Difference between cycle and 2018 cycle

- 18
- 19
- 20
- 21-24
- 25 and over



Note: The percentage change is not plotted in the above chart for groups with fewer than 500 applicants in any one cycle.

IB.9.10 Nursing applicants by domicile and age: Scotland

All age groups

Domicile and age group		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Scotland	Under 18	100	60	40	40	50	40	40	50	40	60
	18	1,260	1,240	1,230	1,180	1,260	1,290	1,170	1,160	1,120	1,300
	19	630	580	580	570	590	530	560	490	510	580
	20	370	450	360	360	370	350	360	340	360	350
	21-24	1,180	1,190	1,060	1,070	1,230	1,140	1,020	960	980	990
	25 and over	2,470	2,380	2,100	2,070	2,360	2,460	2,460	2,470	2,600	2,880
	All ages	6,000	5,910	5,380	5,290	5,860	5,820	5,600	5,470	5,600	6,160

IB.9.11 Nursing applicants by domicile and age: Scotland

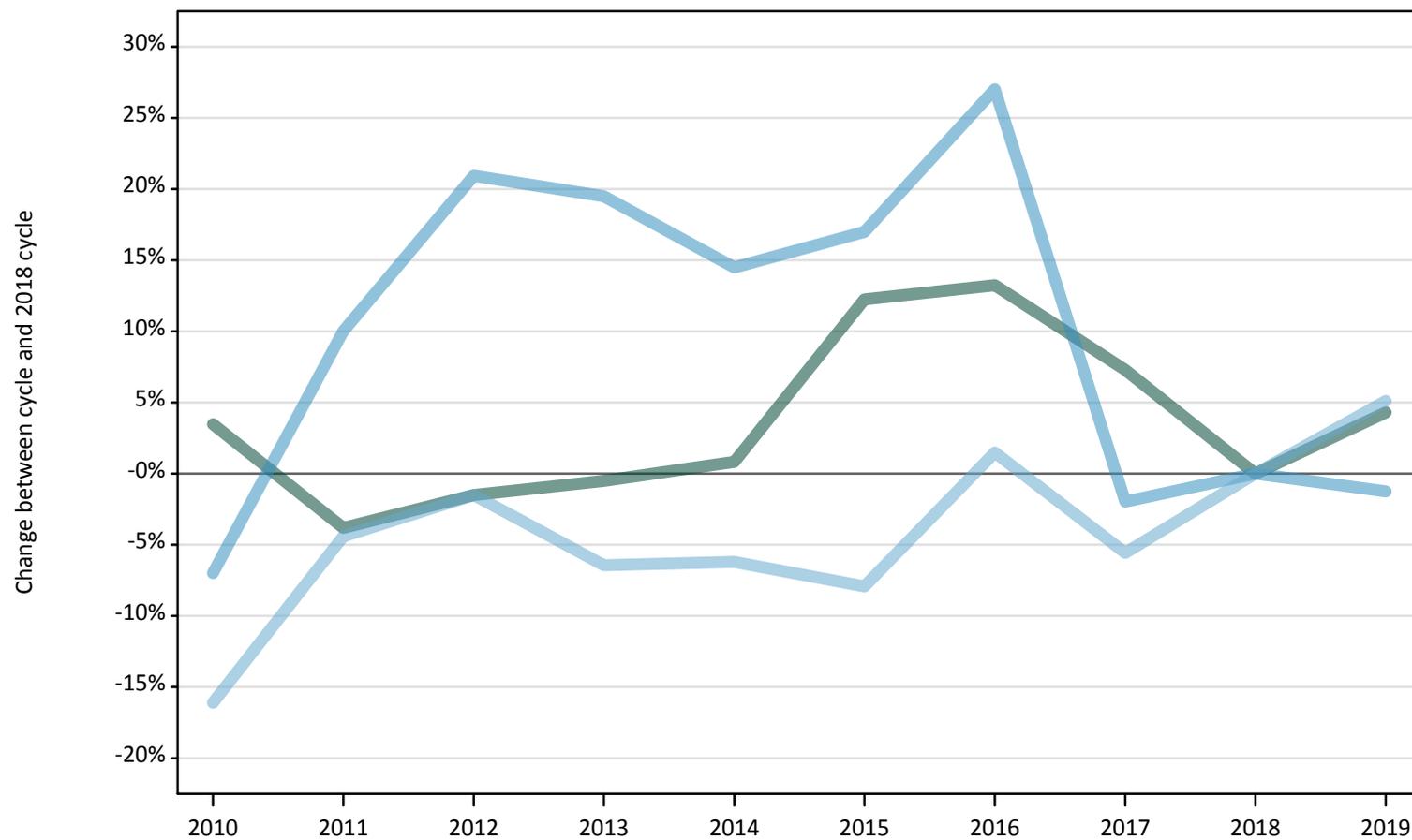
All age groups: Difference between cycle and 2018 cycle

Domicile and age group		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Scotland	Under 18	172%	64%	19%	14%	42%	22%	19%	33%	0%	56%
	18	12%	11%	10%	6%	12%	15%	4%	3%	0%	16%
	19	24%	15%	14%	12%	16%	5%	11%	-4%	0%	15%
	20	3%	26%	1%	3%	5%	-1%	0%	-4%	0%	-1%
	21-24	21%	22%	9%	9%	26%	17%	4%	-1%	0%	1%
	25 and over	-5%	-9%	-19%	-21%	-9%	-6%	-6%	-5%	0%	11%
	All ages	7%	5%	-4%	-6%	5%	4%	0%	-2%	0%	10%

Note: The percentage change is not recorded in the above table for groups with fewer than 10 applicants in that cycle or in the 2018 cycle.

IB.9.12 Nursing applicants by domicile and age: Wales
Selected age groups: Difference between cycle and 2018 cycle

- 18
- 19
- 20
- 21-24
- 25 and over



Note: The percentage change is not plotted in the above chart for groups with fewer than 500 applicants in any one cycle.

IB.9.13 Nursing applicants by domicile and age: Wales

All age groups

Domicile and age group		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Wales	Under 18	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18	630	580	600	600	610	680	680	650	600	630
	19	290	360	320	310	320	320	360	330	350	420
	20	170	210	240	200	190	220	210	210	190	190
	21-24	520	620	680	670	640	650	710	550	560	550
	25 and over	1,070	1,220	1,260	1,190	1,200	1,170	1,290	1,200	1,270	1,340
	All ages	2,680	2,990	3,090	2,980	2,950	3,040	3,270	2,940	2,980	3,130

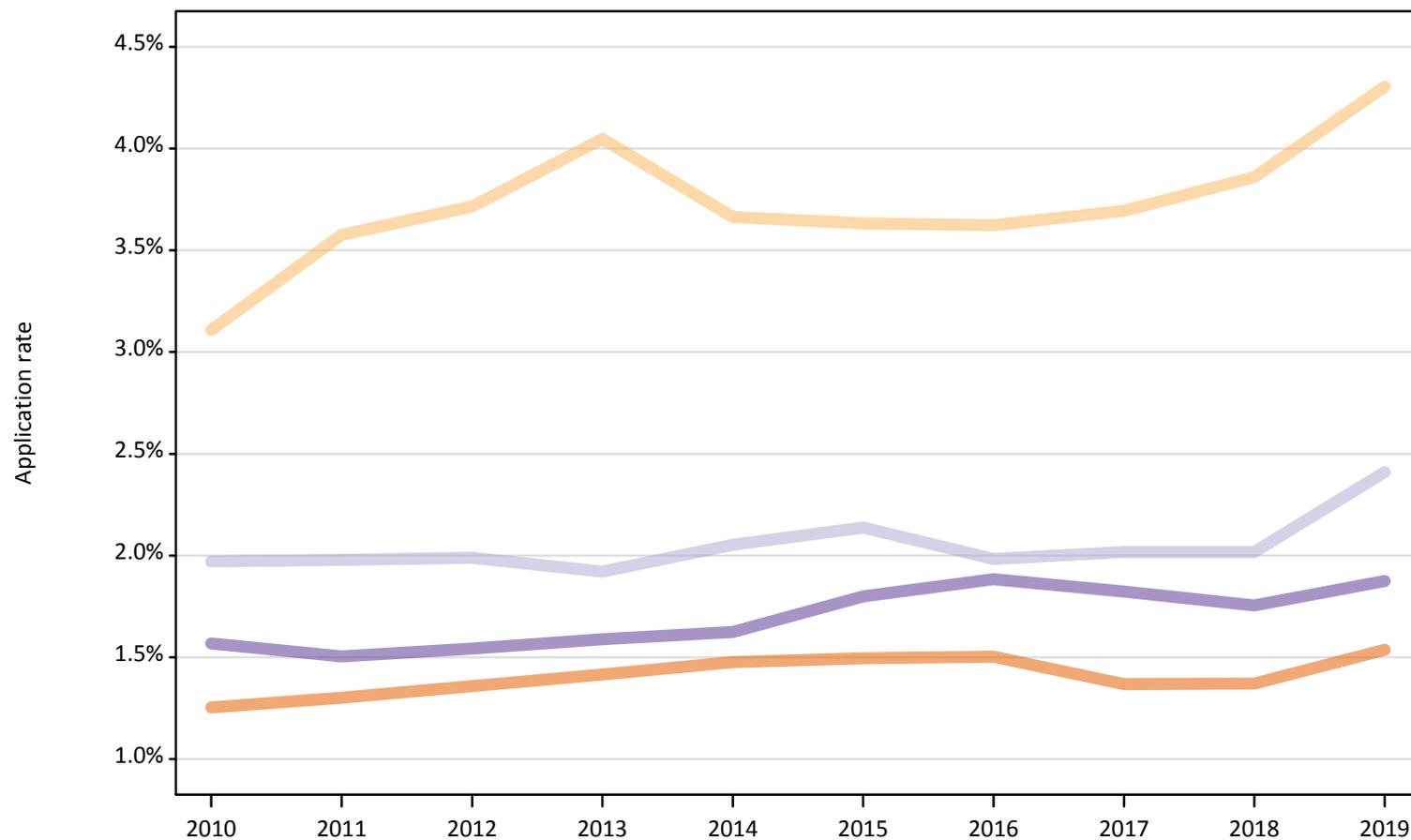
IB.9.14 Nursing applicants by domicile and age: Wales

All age groups: Difference between cycle and 2018 cycle

Domicile and age group		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Wales	Under 18										
	18	3%	-4%	-1%	-0%	1%	12%	13%	7%	0%	4%
	19	-18%	5%	-7%	-10%	-9%	-8%	4%	-5%	0%	19%
	20	-14%	9%	22%	3%	-3%	11%	10%	6%	0%	0%
	21-24	-7%	10%	21%	19%	14%	17%	27%	-2%	0%	-1%
	25 and over	-16%	-4%	-1%	-6%	-6%	-8%	1%	-6%	0%	5%
	All ages	-10%	0%	4%	-0%	-1%	2%	10%	-1%	0%	5%

Note: The percentage change is not recorded in the above table for groups with fewer than 10 applicants in that cycle or in the 2018 cycle.

IB.9.15 Nursing application rates for 18 year olds by UK country of domicile
18 year old applicants as a proportion of the 18 year old population



IB.9.16 Nursing application rates for 18 year olds by UK country of domicile
18 year old applicants as a proportion of the 18 year old population

Domicile and age group		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
England	18	1.3%	1.3%	1.4%	1.4%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.4%	1.4%	1.5%
Northern Ireland	18	3.1%	3.6%	3.7%	4.0%	3.7%	3.6%	3.6%	3.7%	3.9%	4.3%
Scotland	18	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	1.9%	2.1%	2.1%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.4%
Wales	18	1.6%	1.5%	1.5%	1.6%	1.6%	1.8%	1.9%	1.8%	1.8%	1.9%

IB.9.17 Technical notes and definitions

Applicants have been able to submit applications for all 2019 courses since early September.

Applicants who submit their applications to UCAS by the January deadline are considered 'on time' applicants for the large majority of courses offered through UCAS. Some art and design courses have a later deadline of 24 March. By definition all main scheme applications have been received by the 30 June deadline.

Subject group 'B7' covers courses related to nursing. These additional tables include applicants who made at least one choice to a 'B7' course by the January deadline. The primary deadline applicant statistics, which include applicants to all courses, are available on the UCAS website.

Counts of the number of applicants reported have been rounded to the nearest 10 applicants, this may result in instances where totals do not equal the sum of the components. Proportional changes have been rounded to the nearest whole percentage point.

In Scotland there is a substantial component (around one third of young full-time higher education) where admissions are not processed through UCAS. Consequently, for Scotland, this report reflects the trends in applications that are recruited through UCAS and not, as elsewhere in the UK, full-time undergraduate study in general.

Age

This statistical release uses country-specific age definitions which align with the cut off points for school/college cohorts within the different administrations of the UK. For England and Wales ages are defined on the 31 August, for Northern Ireland on the 1 July and for Scotland on the 28 February the following year. Defining ages in this way matches the assignment of children to school cohorts. For applicants outside of the UK the cohort cut off for England and Wales has been used.

Applicant

A person who has made an application in the UCAS system during the cycle reported (including applications for deferred entry). Records of prior acceptance (RPAs) are excluded.

Application

An application to a course at a provider made by an applicant in the UCAS main scheme. Applicants may make up to five main scheme applications.

Country of provider

An applicant may be counted once for each provider country they have applied to in the main scheme. If an applicant has applied to providers in multiple countries then the applicant is counted once within each country of provider applied to.

Domicile

Declared area of permanent residence. The Channel Islands and the Isle of Man have been assigned as 'Not EU'.

Ethnic group

High level grouping of ethnic origin as declared by the applicant: 'Asian', 'Black', 'Mixed', 'White', 'Other', 'Unknown'.

First time applicant

An applicant that did not apply to the UCAS scheme in the previous cycle.

Main scheme

The main UCAS application scheme through which up to five providers/courses can be applied to. This opens in September and closes to new applications on 30 June the following year.

Reapplicant

An applicant that applied to the UCAS scheme in the previous cycle.

Sex

As declared by the applicant.

IMD 2015

The Index of Multiple Deprivation for 2015 identifies small area concentrations of multiple deprivation across all of England, providing a relative measure of deprivation amongst small areas (data zones). When reporting by IMD 2015, the IMD 2015 is used to group areas in each year in the times series.

NIMDM 2017

The Northern Ireland Multiple Deprivation Measure for 2017 identifies small area concentrations of multiple deprivation across all of Northern Ireland, providing a relative measure of deprivation amongst small areas (data zones). When reporting by NIMDM 2017, the NIMDM 2017 is used to group areas in each year in the times series.

SIMD 2012

The Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation for 2012 identifies small area concentrations of multiple deprivation across all of Scotland, providing a relative measure of deprivation among small areas (data zones). When reporting by SIMD 2012, the SIMD 2012 is used to group areas in each year in the times series.

SIMD 2016

The Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation for 2016 identifies small area concentrations of multiple deprivation across all of Scotland, providing a relative measure of deprivation among small areas (data zones). When reporting by SIMD 2016, the SIMD 2016 is used to group areas in each year in the times series.

SIMD 2012/2016

Combination of the SIMD measures created in 2012 and 2016. SIMD 2012 is applied to all years before 2017, and SIMD 2016 is applied to years 2017 and onwards.

WIMD 2014

The Welsh Index of Multiple Deprivation identifies small area concentrations of multiple deprivation across all of Wales, providing a relative measure of deprivation among small areas (data zones). In this report, the WIMD 2014 has been used to group areas in each year in the times series.

POLAR4

Developed by HEFCE and classifies small areas across the UK into five groups, according to their level of young participation in HE. Each of these groups represents around 20 per cent of young people, and is ranked from quintile 1 (areas with the lowest young participation rates, considered as the most disadvantaged) to quintile 5 (highest young participation rates, considered most advantaged).

Tariff Group of provider

Providers are grouped as higher, medium or lower tariff based on their average levels of attainment of their accepted applicants (summarised through UCAS Tariff points) in recent cycles. Each group of providers accounted for around a third of all UK 18 year old acceptances in recent cycles.

Subject group

The JACS3 classification used to classify courses into subject groups. With the introduction of HECoS for the 2019 cycle, new courses that were classified using HECoS instead of JACS have been allocated modelled JACS3 values.

Subject group (HECoS)

The CAH classification used to categorise HECoS course subject codes into subject groups. A course may be associated with up to 5 individual subject codes and their respective percentage weight. For this analysis, application totals for subject groups have been calculated by apportioning course applications as weighted by subject group.